

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

PGDMM/PGDSCM&L - Two Years Course

COMPUTER MARKED ASSIGNMENT (CMA) For Jan-June 2020 semester.

Semester 2 PAPER –11 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Instructions:

- 1. Answer all 50 questions (compulsory). Each question carries 2 marks Total: 100 Marks
- 2. Read instructions given on the OMR answer sheet and answer the questions.

- 1. Management information systems (MIS)
 - a. create and share documents that support day-today office activities
 - b. process business transactions (e.g., time cards, payments, orders, etc.)
 - c. capture and reproduce the knowledge of an expert problem solver
 - d. use the transaction data to produce information needed by managers to run the business
- 2 The term used to describe those people whose jobs involve sponsoring and funding the project to develop,

operate, and maintain the information system is

- a. information worker
- b. internal system user
- c. systems owner
- d. external system user
- 3 The person who ensures that systems are developed on time, within budget, and with acceptable quality is a
 - a. systems designer
 - b. project manager
 - c. systems owner
 - d. external system user
- 4 Which one of the following is not a business driver for an information system?
 - a. business process redesign
 - b. knowledge asset management
 - c. proliferation of networks and the Internet
 - d. security and privacy
- 5 If a university sets up a web-based information system that faculty could access to record student grades and to advise students, that would be an example of a/an
 - a. CRM
 - b. intranet
 - c. ERP
 - d. extranet
- 6 Which of the following is not a technology driver for an information system?
 - a. enterprise applications
 - b. object technologies
 - c. knowledge asset management
 - d. collaborative technologies
- 7 Which of the following is a deliverable of the system implementation phase in a formal system development process?
 - a. technical hardware and software solution for the business problem
 - b. business problem statement
 - c. statement of the system users' business requirements
 - d. technical blueprint and specifications for a solution that fulfills the business requirements

- 8 An information system that supports the planning and assessment needs of executive management is
 - a. DSS
 - b. TPS
 - c. ERP
 - d. MIS
- 9 The application of information to scan an organisation's environment is:
 - a. external communication.
 - b. information overload.
 - c. sensing.
 - d. internal communication.
- 10 When a bank uses information to launch a personalised credit card product this:
 - a. manages risks.
 - b. creates a new opportunity.
 - c. adds value.
 - d. reduces costs.
- 11 When a bank uses business performance management software to monitor its performance in differences

regions this:

- a. reduces costs.
- b. manages risks.
- c. adds value.
- d. creates a new opportunity.
- 12 When a bank offers web self-service for customers to answer their questions, the primary outcome is:
 - a. adds value.
 - b. manages risks.
 - c. reduces costs.
 - d. creates a new opportunity.
- 13 The most important attribute of information quality that a manager requires is:
 - a. relevance.
 - b. media.
 - c. presentation.
 - d. timeliness.
- 14 To improve the performance of a business process, which of the following is most relevant?
 - a. Input.
 - b. Processing.
 - c. All of the above.
 - d. Control and feedback
- 15 Monitoring the legal constraints which a company operates under requires review of:
 - a. a company's customers.
 - b. a company's outputs.
 - c. a company's macro-environment.
 - d. a company's micro-environment.
- 16 The majority of publically available Internet information sources are:
 - a. created in XML.
 - b. structured information.
 - c. normal information.
 - d. unstructured information.
- 17 Which of the following should be represented on an information flow diagram?
 - a. Entity
 - b. Source
 - c. Process
 - d. Attribute

- 18 A web blueprint depicts:
 - a. the layout of an individual web page
 - b. the layout of the home page
 - c. the layout of an index page
 - d. the layout of a website
- 19 UML depicts information systems as a collection of:
 - a. Entities
 - b. Processes
 - c. Data
 - d. Objects
- 20 Which of the following statements describes a taxonomy?
 - a. A browsable hierarchy
 - b. A list of equivalent terms
 - c. A complex controlled vocabulary showing relationships
 - d. A historical data
- 21 Which of the following relates to enterprise interoperability?
 - a. DFD
 - b. Information flow diagram
 - c. XML
 - d. Entity relationship diagram
- 22 Which of the following is not a type of navigation system for a web site?
 - a. National
 - b. Global
 - c. Contextual
 - d. Regional
- 23 What should not be part of an acceptable use policy?
 - a. Allowable use of systems
 - b. Legal obligations
 - c. Encryption policies
 - d. User responsibilities
- 24 Use-case analysis focuses upon:
 - a. data
 - b. Objects
 - c. Entities
 - d. Actors
- 25 Contemporary Information Systems are interfacing with customers and suppliers using:
 - a. BPR
 - b. CRM
 - c. Both A and B
 - d. Both B and C
- 26 Information systems that support the business functions that reach out to suppliers are known as:
 - a. back office information systems
 - b. decision support systems
 - c. expert information systems
 - d. front office information systems
- 27 Which of the following is not a class of information system applications?
 - a. database management system
 - b. decision support system
 - c. expert system
 - d. management information system

28 Who are the people that actually use the system to perform or support the work to be completed?

- a. system analysts
- b. system designers
- c. system owners
- d. none of the above

29 The flow of transactions through business processes to ensure appropriate checks and approvals are implemented is called:

- a. procedures
- b. work flow
- c. process flow
- d. process requirements

30 Language-based, machine-readable representations of what a software process is supposed to do, or how a software process is supposed to accomplish its task is known as:

- a. prototyping
- b. software specifications
- c. application programs
- d. human engineering

31 A specification of how the user moves from window to window, interacting with the application programs to perform useful work is called:

- a. interface specifications
- b. software specifications
- c. user dialog
- d. prototyping specifications

32 Examples of keyless interfaces include:

- a. bar coding, OCR, pen, and voice recognition
- b. mouse, OCR, pen, and voice recognition
- c. keyboard, OCR, pen, and voice recognition
- d. all of the above

33 The first CMM level at which measurable goals for quality and productivity are established is

- a. Level 1
- b. Level 2
- c. Level 3
- d. Level 4

34 Project Management ensures that

- a. project's risk is assessed
- b. project's feasibility is assessed
- c. system is developed at minimum cost
- d. both A and B

35 The deliverable of the problem analysis phase is

- a. system improvement objectives
- b. problem statement
- c. statement of constraints
- d. statement of work

36 Which one is NOT a category of problems represented by the PIECES framework?

- a. control
- b. efficiency
- c. service
- d. technology

37 A cross life-cycle activity of system development is

- a. object modeling
- b. prototyping
- c. fact-finding

- d. data modeling
- 38 An ongoing activity of systems support is
 - a. assisting users
 - b. adapting the system to new requirements
 - c. recovering the system
 - d. fixing software defects
- 39 Rapid Application Development (RAD) strategy includes all of the following, except
 - a. actively involves system users in the analysis, design, and construction activities
 - b. uses waterfall development approach to evolve system concept
 - c. organizes systems development into a series of focused, intense workshops
 - d. reduces the amount of time that passes before the users begin to see a working system

40 Request for quotation (RFQ) is

- a. a document that compares business and technical requirements of a commercial application package against the capabilities and features of a specific commercial application package
- b. a document that communicates business, technical, and support requirements for an application software package to vendors that wish to compete for the sale of that application package and services
- a document that communicates business, technical, and support requirements for an application software package to a single vendor that has been determined as being able to supply that application package and service
- d. a contract with management and the user community to develop or enhance an information system
- 41 A model-driven analysis approach that focuses on the structure of stored data in a system rather than on

processes is

- a. structured analysis
- b. information engineering
- c. rapid architected analysis
- d. object-oriented analysis
- 42 All of the following are phases of systems analysis, except
 - a. decision analysis phase
 - b. requirements analysis phase
 - c. design analysis phase
 - d. problem analysis phase
- 43 Which of the following analysis techniques derive system models from existing system or discovery prototypes?
 - a. rapid architected analysis
 - b. object-oriented analysis
 - c. data modeling
 - d. discovery prototyping
- 44 Prototypes are used in
 - a. model-driven analysis
 - b. object-oriented analysis
 - c. traditional approaches
 - d. accelerated systems analysis
- 45 Which of the following is NOT a feasibility analysis criterion?
 - a. technical feasibility
 - b. schedule feasibility
 - c. operational feasibility
 - d. resource feasibility
- 46 Which of the following phases identifies and expresses requirements, prioritizes requirements, updates project plan, and communications the requirements statement?
 - a. logical design phase
 - b. decisions analysis phase
 - c. problem analysis phase
 - d. systems analysis phase

- 47 The tasks of defining acceptance tests, structuring functional requirements, and validating functional requirements are performed in which one of the phases?
 - a. problem analysis phase
 - b. decision analysis phase
 - c. systems analysis phase
 - d. logical design phase
- 48 The task of establishing system improvement objectives is performed in which phase of systems analysis?
 - a. problem analysis phase
 - b. logical design phase
 - c. scope definition phase
 - d. physical design phase
- 49 The task of identifying and expressing system requirements is performed in which phase of systems analysis?
 - a. problem analysis phase
 - b. logical design phase
 - c. scope definition phase
 - d. requirements analysis phase
- 50 Cause-and-effect analysis is performed in the following phase of systems analysis
 - a. scope definition phase
 - b. logical design phase
 - c. requirements analysis phase
 - d. problem analysis phase
