

Exam Name : PGDMM-PGDSCM- Supply Chain Management

Total Questions : 50

Q.1 Supply Chain Management refers to the management of the smooth flow of goods & services to _____ customers value & gain a competitive edge in the market

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525617

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Increase | |
| 2 | decrease | |
| 3 | Minimise | |
| 4 | Maximise | |

Q.2 _____ is the term used that refers to buying & selling of goods with the help of the internet

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525618

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Artificial Intelligence | |
| 2 | E- procurement | |
| 3 | E-Commerce | |
| 4 | E- Collaboration | |

Q.3 _____ is the process of managing the movement of resources from its origin to the final destination.

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525619

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|----------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Logistics Management | |
| 2 | Procurement & Distribution | |
| 3 | Inventory management | |
| 4 | Transportation Management | |

Q.4 In Operation Level of SCM Designing we do

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525620

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Managing inventory & Product | |
| 2 | Develop inventory logistics | |
| 3 | Managing warehousing | |
| 4 | Forecasting Demand | |

Q.5 SKU is

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525621

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|---------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Store Keeper Unit | |
| 2 | Stock Keeping Unit | |
| 3 | Stock Kept Unit | |
| 4 | Store Keepers Unitisation | |

Q.6 OEM is

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525622

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|---------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Own Equipment Manufacturer | |
| 2 | Our Equipment Manufacturer | |
| 3 | Original Equipment Manufacturer | |
| 4 | Original Energy Manufacturer | |

Q.7 _____ is referred to as a stage in the supply chain network, in supply chain models

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525623

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Framework | |
| 2 | Variable | |
| 3 | Integraton | |
| 4 | Echelon | |

Q.8 _____ = Lead time in days x Average Daily Usage

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525624

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Maximum Consumption | |
| 2 | Maximum Reorder Point | |
| 3 | Maximum Inventory Level | |
| 4 | Reordering Level | |

Q.9 One of the cross functional drivers in Supply Chain is

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525625

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Facilities | |
| 2 | Inventory | |
| 3 | Pricing | |
| 4 | Transportation | |

Q.10 In Lean SCM, the main purpose of POKA -YOKA is to

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525626

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|---|---------------|
| 1 | Reduce cost | |
| 2 | schedule system to help in Pulling production | |
| 3 | Set up time reduction | |
| 4 | avoid mistakes & errors of workers | |

Q.11 In the Product Leveling Technique in Lean system

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525627

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | is to stabilise the work process | |
| 2 | to reduce cycle time & inventories | |
| 3 | to work in small batches | |
| 4 | to find root cause of the problem | |

Q.12 One of the Drivers for the Lean Supply chain is

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525628

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Supply Management | |
| 2 | Demand management | |
| 3 | Transport management | |
| 4 | Warehouse Management | |

Q.13 _____ is the supplier whose provided material is directly used in the products sold by the organisation **Marks: 2**

Question ID:
6525629

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | OEM Supplier | |
| 2 | Wholesaler | |
| 3 | Direct supplier | |
| 4 | Consumer | |

Q.14 In segmentation of materials sourced on the parameter of Spend / value against purchase risk, material classified as commodity are those with

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525630

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | low spend and low risk | |
| 2 | low spend & high risk | |
| 3 | high spend & low risk | |
| 4 | high spend & high risk | |

Q.15 Sourcing is a practice of _____ who supply goods & services to an organisation to aim at long term association.

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525631

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | identifying | |
| 2 | selecting | |
| 3 | evaluating | |
| 4 | identify, select & evaluating | |

Q.16 In supply chain , SIPOC has single link with

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525632

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|---|---------------|
| 1 | suppliers & customers | |
| 2 | inputs & outputs | |
| 3 | Processes | |
| 4 | suppliers, inputs, processes, outputs & customers | |

Q.17 Cash conversion cycle is the time taken between, when the organisation collects payment from the customers and when

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525633

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|---|---------------|
| 1 | the product or services are provided to customers | |
| 2 | organisation makes payment to to the suppliers | |
| 3 | organisation invoices to the customer | |
| 4 | product warranty & guarantee expires | |

Q.18 Score card refers to a holistic approach, which is used to measure

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525634

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|--|---------------|
| 1 | Performance, prioritize projects & set goals | |
| 2 | Quality & delivery performance | |
| 3 | prioritize project performance | |
| 4 | set goals | |

Q.19 In the Reverse supply chain the products flow

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525635

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Upstream | |
| 2 | Downstream | |
| 3 | To supplier | |
| 4 | to transporter | |

Q.20 Generally organisation issue an agreement named RMA to the customers in Reverse Logistics & RMA stands for

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525636

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|--------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Reverse Material Authorisation | |
| 2 | Return Material Authorisation | |
| 3 | Reverse Manpower Authorisation | |
| 4 | Return manpower Authorisation | |

Q.21 In pricing & revenue management, _____ refers to deciding the prices for products & services , based on their usage by customers

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525637

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|---------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | pricing by purchase channel | |
| 2 | pricing by time of use | |
| 3 | pricing by quantities purchased | |
| 4 | pricing by metering | |

Q.22 All those assets that loose their value in the specified period of time are considered as

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525638

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|---------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Obsolete items | |
| 2 | Non inventory items | |
| 3 | Scrap | |
| 4 | Perishable | |

Q.23 Most often organisations that own supply chain assets prefer to sell large quantities to fulfill _____

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525639

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | bulk demand | |
| 2 | profit target | |
| 3 | Sales target | |
| 4 | reduce stocks | |

Q.24 The 3 main approaches are used to balance supply chain are _____ , Make to Order & Engineer to order

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525640

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Plan to order | |
| 2 | Execute to order | |
| 3 | Make to Stock | |
| 4 | Plan to stock | |

Q.25 The key elements of supply chain planning include

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525641

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|--------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Materials planning | |
| 2 | Transport planning | |
| 3 | Warehouse planning | |
| 4 | Data collection | |

Q.26 With the use of aggregate planning an organisation makes the arrangement of _____ needed for production and on time delivery of products

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525642

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Manpower | |
| 2 | logistics | |
| 3 | warehouses | |
| 4 | resources | |

Q.27 One of the types of costs that an organisation incurs while producing output is

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525643

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|--------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Inventory holding cost | |
| 2 | Marketing cost | |
| 3 | cost of product return | |
| 4 | cost of product services | |

Q.28 Some of the applications of Digital technology that made supply chain effective are, Creating data, analysing data, Integrating data, accessing data & _____.

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525644

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Multiplying data | |
| 2 | Searching data | |
| 3 | Interpreting data | |
| 4 | Locating data | |

Q.29 RFID means

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525645

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|---|---------------|
| 1 | Radio Frequency Identification Document | |
| 2 | Radar Frequency Identification | |
| 3 | Radio Frequency Identification | |
| 4 | Radar Frequency Identification Document | |

Q.30 The main focus of digital supply chains is to minimise _____ & increase profits

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525646

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Time cycle | |
| 2 | waste | |
| 3 | Processes | |
| 4 | efforts | |

Q.31 KPI means

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525647

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Key Profit Indicator | |
| 2 | Key Process Indicator | |
| 3 | Key Performance Indicator | |
| 4 | Keyed performance Indicator | |

Q.32 In order to manage digital supply chains _____ need to be considered

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525648

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Profitability | |
| 2 | Continuous improvement | |
| 3 | Methodology | |
| 4 | Technology | |

Q.33 IIoT means

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525649

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|----------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | International Internet of Things | |
| 2 | Industrial Internet of Things | |
| 3 | Internet International of things | |
| 4 | Internet Industrial of Things | |

Q.34 GPS Means

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525650

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|----------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | General Positioning System | |
| 2 | Global Placement System | |
| 3 | Global Positioning System | |
| 4 | General Positioning System | |

Q.35

In the role of information technology in supply chain, IT allows supply chain professionals to make appropriate decisions with respect to _____ management, as it provides complete information

Marks: 2**Question ID:**
6525651

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Profitability | |
| 2 | Delivery management | |
| 3 | Inventory management | |
| 4 | Data management | |

Q.36

CRM means

Marks: 2**Question ID:**
6525652

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|----------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Cost Rating Management | |
| 2 | Customer Rating Management | |
| 3 | Customer Relationship Management | |
| 4 | Cost Relation Management | |

Q.37 EDI means

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525653

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Electric Data Internet | |
| 2 | Electronic Data Internet | |
| 3 | Electric Data Interchange | |
| 4 | Electronic Data Interchange | |

Q.38 _____ is the network that connects the external environment of an organisation

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525654

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Intranet | |
| 2 | EDI | |
| 3 | Extranet | |
| 4 | Internet | |

Q.39

In E Commerce, _____ here consumers are in direct contact with each other and can buy & sell used goods , or can offer Services as per their needs

Marks: 2**Question ID:**
6525655

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | C 2 C | |
| 2 | C 2 B | |
| 3 | B 2 C | |
| 4 | B 2 B | |

Q.40

One of the tools used to ERP to run organisation smoothly is

Marks: 2**Question ID:**
6525656

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|--------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Microsoft | |
| 2 | Salesforce | |
| 3 | Intranet | |
| 4 | Microsoft Dynamics | |

Q.41 _____ refers to buying & selling of goods with the help of the internet

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525657

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | E- Procurement | |
| 2 | E- Commerce | |
| 3 | Artificial Intelligence | |
| 4 | E- Collaboration | |

Q.42 _____ stage is called the logistic phase

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525658

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Plan | |
| 2 | Return | |
| 3 | Deliver | |
| 4 | Make | |

Q.43 EOQ means

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525659

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Equal Order Quantity | |
| 2 | Economic Order Quality | |
| 3 | Equal Open Quantity | |
| 4 | Economic Order Quantity | |

Q.44 _____ This tool systematically organises the work area.

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525660

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | POKA- YOKA | |
| 2 | 5 S | |
| 3 | KANBAN | |
| 4 | JIT | |

Q.45 _____ is originated from the movement of compression & logistics

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525661

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Production Variety Funnel | |
| 2 | Quality Filter Mapping | |
| 3 | Supply Chain Response Matrix | |
| 4 | Decision Point Analysis | |

Q.46 Demand forecasting is basically estimating about how much an item the organisation is going to _____.

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525662

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Need | |
| 2 | Manufacture | |
| 3 | Sell | |
| 4 | Procure | |

Q.47 _____ refers to dividing something into parts or sections

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525663

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | Mitigating | |
| 2 | Ethics | |
| 3 | Score card | |
| 4 | Segmenting | |

Q.48 The process of _____ defines the process of retrieving & transporting products from the warehouse to the retailers directly or with the help of distribution centres.

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525664

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|--------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Distribution & logistics | |
| 2 | Return logistics | |
| 3 | Transportation | |
| 4 | Warehousing | |

Q.49 Among the constituents in supply chain, _____ recognises those business partners which collaborate in the supply chain

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525665

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|--------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Business processes | |
| 2 | Production | |
| 3 | Transportation | |
| 4 | Network structure | |

Q.50 _____ it is defined as that portion of an inventory that is available or planned to be made to meet the normal demand in a given duration

Marks: 2

Question ID:
6525666

| No | Options Details | Select Option |
|----|--------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Seasonal inventory | |
| 2 | Cycle inventory | |
| 3 | Safety inventory | |
| 4 | Transit inventory | |