INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MATERIALS MANAGEMENT JUN-2010 Post Graduate Diploma in Logistics Management

Paper –5 Logistics Systems Operation

Date: 12.06.2010 Time: 2.00 pm to 5.00pm Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 03 Hrs.

Instructions:

1. From Part - A, answer all questions, each sub question carries 1 mark

Total Marks-32

- 2. From Part B, answer any three questions out of five questions. Each question carries 16 marks. Total Marks-48
- 3. Part –C is a case study of 20 marks.

PART A

Q.1: State True or False:

- 1. Forecasted demand can be classified as either interdependent or exterior dependant.
- 2. Forecast error can be defined generally as the difference between actual sales & estimated forecast.
- 3. Inventory Policy remains silent on inventory positioning & placement at plants & at distribution level.
- 4. Perpetual Inventory control process reviews inventory status daily to determine replenishment needs.
- 5. Pipelines are labor intensive, hence variable operating cost is extremely high, once pipeline is constructed.
- 6. Pipeline as a transport mode is more dependable than other transport modes.
- 7. TOFC is most widely used intermodal system.
- 8. **"Postponement"** offers a strategy to reduce the anticipatory risk & logistics.

Q.2: Write Full Forms:

1. AGVS 2. CFR 3. EDI 4. GATT 5.IATA 6. ISO 7. TOFC 8. FOR

8 Marks

8 Marks

Q.3: Match the following:

8 Marks

- a. Order Cycle
- b. Safety Stock
- c. Plinth
- d. Private Warehouse
- e. Time Series Method
- f. Forecasting provides Future trend, which is
- g. Communication
- h. Hazardous Material

Q.4: Fill in the blanks:

- 1) Environment enemy
- 2) Facility's Financial & administration control
- 3) Product Information which is packed
- 4) Essential for product design & development
- 5) Warehouse open area for storage of goods
- 6) Time lag between two successive orders
- 7) A forecasting method
- 8) Buffer Stock

8 Marks

- 1. A Forecast is a projection of the _____ or number of units that is likely to be produced or sold.
- 2. The _____ component is defined as the long range general movement in periodic sales over an extended period of time.
- Qualitative techniques rely heavily on expertise & quite _____ & _____
 ______ consuming.
- 4. For a retailer, inventory management is fundamentally a matter of ______ & _____.
- 5. Brokers are ______ that coordinate transportation arrangement for shippers, consignees & carriers.
- 6. The placard of hazardous goods carrier provide ______ information to police, fire-fighters, medical personnel at the scene of accident.
- 7. The main advantage of water transportation is the ______ to move extremely large shipments.
- The ______ cost of air transport is low compared to rail, water & pipeline.

PART B

Answer any 3 out of 5 questions

Q.5:

16 Marks

- a. Define EOQ & illustrate it graphically.
- b. Derive EOQ formula.
- c. Explain EOQ Assumptions & Limitations.

Q.6: Write Short Notes: (Any Four)

16 marks

- 1. ABC Analysis
- 2. Just In Time
- 3. Public v/s Private Warehouses
- 4. Safety Stock
- 5. Cross Docking

Q.7: What is Packaging? Describe various types of Packaging Materials.

16 Marks

Q.8: Discuss various factors considered for site selection of warehouse.

16 Marks

Q.9: Discuss various methods of Forecasting. 16 Marks

PART C

Q.10:

A company requires 9600 Ball Bearings, costing Rs.75/- per unit. The cost of placing an order is Rs.150/- & carrying cost is 12% per unit per year of the average inventory.

Determine

- a. EOQ
- b. Cycle Time
- c. Total Variable cost of managing the inventory.

20 Marks