

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

Post Graduate Diploma in Materials Management

June 2013

Graduate Diploma in Materials Management

PAPER No. 1

MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES AND HUMAN RESOURCES PRACTICES

Date Time	: 08.06.2013 : 2.00 to 5.00 p.m.	Max. Marks Duration	:100 : 3 Hrs.	
Instruction 1. From F 2. From F 3. Part C	Total : 32 Marks Total : 48 Marks			
answei	r the questions	-	Total: 20 Marks	
4. Please read the instructions given in the answer sheet				

PART A

Q. 1. Fill in the blanks.

(1 Mark each) [Total : 8 Marks]

a. An_____ and competent manager is able to engage in any mutually helped relationship.

- b. A_____ is a corporation or enterprise that manages production establishments or delivers services in at least two countries.
- c. The forming-storming-norming-performing model of team development has been developed by
- d. ERG theory was proposed by_____.
- e. _____ is the weapon available to the employers to closed down the factory.
- f. _____ proposed a content theory of motivation based on the Murray's theory of personality.

State True or False

- g. The main types of appraisal schemes are group based schemes and individual based schemes.
- h. Cross-cultural abilities enables the person to operate in a new environment.

Q.2 Match Part I with Part II	Total Marks 8	
Part I	Part II	
1. Trade Union Act	a. 1948	
2. Factories Act	b. Schutz	
3. Interpersonal needs	c. Robert Black and Jane Mouton	
4. The Managerial Grid Model	d. Mc Gregor's	
5. Theory 'X' & Theory 'Y'	e. INTUC	
6. Central National Labour Organisation	f. AIMO	
7. Employers association	g. Authority	
8. Type of power	h. 1926	

Total Marks 8

Q.3 What do the following abbreviations stand for?

(a) NGO	(b) OD	(c) JMCs	(d) TQC
(e) HRD	(f) ICI	(g) ILI	(h) CSR

Q.4	Match part I with part II	Total Marks 8
	Part I	Part II
	1. Water act (prevention & control of pollution)	a. 1981
	2. Air pollution & control of pollution act	b. 1986
	3. Environment (protection) act	c. 1923
	4. The workmen's compensation act	d.1974
	5. Prevention of pollution control act	e. Non-Managers
	6. Training	f. Managers
	7. Development	g. Peter Drucker
	8. MBO	h. 1974

PART B

Q.5	Answer any 3 out of 5. a. Differentiate between Administration and Management? b. What are the characteristics of planning?	Total Marks 48
Q. 6	a. Differentiate between delegation & decentralisation?b. What are the different types of control?	
Q. 7	a. Explain Maslow's needs hierarchy theory?b. What are the advantages of group working?	

Q.8 a. What are the different leadership's styles?

b. Discuss the different types of communication?

Q. 9 a. Discuss the 7-S framework.

b. What is meant by collective bargaining? What are its objectives?

PART C

Q.10 Case Study.

Total Marks 20

"AMBER PHARMACEUTICALS'

In a pharma company manufacturing and marketing drugs and medicines, the research staff has developed a number of new products and formulations which are effective. But at the same time it has to meet severe competition from stalwarts with foreign collaboration. Mr. Shah, the Vice President Marketing, has a very successful Pharma Marketing background. He has been with the company for the past 4 years. Mr. Shah had made ambitious plans for capturing a sizeable share of the market in Gujarat. The company being medium sized, Mr. Shah had kept his marketing department and the marketing team lean and trim. The field sales staff was given aggressive targets and were virtually pushed to reach the respective targets. The field staff worked to their best abilities to complete their respective targets. Mr. Shah had himself been working almost 11-12 hours a day. There was no formal appraisal and reward system in the company. During last 5 years more than 60 Medical Representatives and Area Supervisors had left the company due to unsatisfactory increments and promotions. Those who left the company were star workers. But Mr. Shah did not care for this high turnover. He was over confident that he would be able to hire freshers and also select Candidates who were not happy with their remuneration in their respective companies. Mr. Shah had never communicated to the field sales staff about their performance or reasons for not recognising their outstanding performance in a few cases. There was on the whole great dissatisfaction and good performers were leaving the company.

Questions:

- (a) What do you perceive is the basic problem in 'AMBER'?
- (b) What are the steps you will take serially to correct the situation?
- (c) In the event of your suggesting a Performance Appraisal System:
 - (i) How will you decide a suitable system of appraisal?
 - (ii) Will your system include merit rewards and promotions?
