# Post Graduate Diploma in Logistics Management 

## Paper 6

OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES IN LOGISTICS
Date: 15.06.2014
Time : 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.
Instructions:

1) Answer all questions in PART A each question carries 1 mark Total 25 marks
2) Attempt any four questions in PART B each question carries 15 marks 60 marks
3) Part C compulsory and carry 15 marks

## PART A

25 marks
Q. 1 State TRUE or FALSE:
( $1 \times 10=10$ Marks ]
a) Probability is the study of random or nondeterministic experiments.
b) A feasible solution is a solution for which all constraints are satisfied.
c) Optimal solution does not have the most favorable values of the objective function.
d) The time lag required to obtain the delivery of fresh supplies is Safety Stock.
e) The Breakeven Point is the point where the sales volume generates huge amount of profit.
f) Variable costs change in direct proportion to an activity level.
g) An activity is an effort that requires resources and time for completion.
h) Probability of a customer waiting in a queue can have a minimum value of zero.
i) A project is a collection of activities and events with a definable beginning and a definable end.
j) Trend is the general tendency of the data to increase or decrease or stagnate over a long period of time.
Q. 2 Match the columns A \& B:
[ 5 Mark ]

| (1) Transportation Problem | (A) Two variable LPP |
| :--- | :--- |
| (2) Inventory Management | (B) Exponential Distribution |
| (3) Graphical Method | (C) Safety Stock |
| (4) Hungarian Method | (D) Least Cost Method |
| (5) Service Rate | (E) Assignment Problem |

Q. 3 Fill in the blanks.
[ 10 Marks ]
a) North West Corner method is used to solve $\qquad$ Problem.
b) Wherever there is a problem of $\qquad$ , there is scope of application of Operations Research.
c) The objective of Transportation Problem is to $\qquad$ cost.
d) A $\qquad$ is a logical and chronological set of activities and events.
e) $\qquad$ is period required to recover original cash outflow invested in a project.
f) $\qquad$ costs remain unchanged within a relevant range of activity.
g) $\qquad$ is imitation of reality.
h) The selection of the appropriate order in which waiting customers are served is called
$\qquad$ .
i) PERT stands for $\qquad$ - $\qquad$
$\qquad$
j) CPM stands for $\qquad$
$\qquad$ . $\qquad$

## PART B ( any four)

[ $15 \times 4$ = 60 marks)
Q. 4 Three jobs A,B,C are to be assigned to three machines $X, Y, Z$. The processing cost (INR) are shown in the matrix. Find the allocation to minimize the overall processing cost.

|  |  | Machine |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | X | $Y$ | Z |
| Jobs | A | 19 | 28 | 31 |
|  | B | 11 | 17 | 16 |
|  | C | 12 | 15 | 13 |

Q. $5 \quad$ The cost of transportation per unit from three sources and four destinations are given in table as per below. Obtain the initial basic feasible solution using vogel's Approximation Method:

| Source | Destination |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D | Supply |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 7 | 6 |
| 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 5 | 8 | 15 | 9 | 10 |
| Demand | 7 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 17 |

Q. 6 Five jobs are to be assigned to five men. The cost(in INR) of performing the job by each man is given in table as per below. The assignment has restrictions the job 4 cannot be performed by man 1 and job 3 cannot be performed by man4. Find the optimal assignment of job and its cost involved.

|  |  | Jobs |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |
| Men | 1 | 16 | 12 | 11 | x | 15 |  |
|  | 2 | 13 | 15 | 11 | 16 | 18 |  |
|  | 3 | 20 | 21 | 18 | 19 | 17 |  |
|  | 4 | 16 | 13 | X | 16 | 12 |  |
|  | 5 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 19 |  |

Q. 7 Solve the following by using Simplex Method.

Maximize $\quad Z=6 x+4 y$
Subject to -

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+3 y \leq 120 \\
& 2 x+y \leq 60
\end{aligned}
$$

Where $x, y \geq 0$.
Q. 8 Auto car service provides a single channel water wash service. The incoming arrivals occur at the rate of 4 cars per hour and the mean service rate is 8 cars per hour. Assume that arrivals follow a Poisson distribution and the service rate follows an exponential probability distribution. Determine the following measures of performance:
(a) What is the average time that a car waits for water wash to begin?
(b) What is the average time a car spends in the system?
(c) What is the average number of cars in the system?
Q. 9 (a) What is payback period? How is it useful in decision making? What are the limitations of payback period?
(b) Solve the following problem by using Graphical Method:

## Maximize $Z=10 x+8 y$

Subject to-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 X+y \leq 20 \\
& x+3 y \leq 30 \\
& 2 y-x \leq 15 \quad \text { Where } x, y \geq 0 .
\end{aligned}
$$

## 15 marks

Q.10.Case Study....

M/s All India Copper Wire Rod Public Limited Company Bangalore Karnataka has been manufacturing and selling their products all over world .offering appropriate transportation service to industry at an affordable price. They have set up a maintenance facility to maintain high service level.

The annual demand for a consumable item required in the manufacturing process on a particular machine is approximately 3600 items. Every time an order is placed ,a fixed cost of INR 65/- is incurred. The holding cost per item inventory is $25 \%$ of the investment and unit price is INR 10/- . Determine EOQ and optimal cycle time.

