

## INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

## Diploma in Retail Management

June 2015

# Paper 2

# Financial & Legal Aspects of Retail Management

Date 14. 06-2015 Time : 10.00 to 1.00 p.m. Max. Marks 100 Duration 3 hours

#### Instructions

From Part A, answer all questions Qs 1,2 and 3 (compulsory) – Q1 (16m), Q2 (8m) and Q3 ((8m) - Total 32 marks.
From Part B, answer any 4 questions from Q No.4 to Q9. Each question carries 12marks (total 48 marks)
Part C, Q No. 10 (Case Study) is compulsory.(20 marks)

## <u>PART A</u>

### Q 1) 16 marks. Attempt any 16 out of 20 (1 mark each - total 16 marks)

#### Choose the right answer from below.

- 1. Prime cost is the sum of:
  - (a) Direct material, Direct labor, Direct overheads b) Administration and selling expenses
- 2. Solvency Analysis refers to analysis of :
  - a) Long term financial position b) Short term financial position
- 3. . Financial Accounting activities include:
  - a) Interpreting b) Auditing
- 4.. Current Assets include:
  - a) Prepaid expenses b)Outstanding expenses
- 5. Current Ratio is a part of :
  - a) Balance sheet ratio b) Revenue statement ratio
- 6.. Variable cost is also known as :
  - a) Product cost b) Process Cost
- 7. Capital Gearing Ratio is also known as :
  - a) Proprietary Ratio b) Capital Structure Ratio
- 8. Absorption costing includes
  - a) Marginal costing b) Process costing

#### Fill in the blanks:

9) The Education Cess is levied @ \_\_\_\_\_ and Secondary & Higher Education Cess @

10) The prevailing percentage of Service Tax is levied @\_\_\_\_\_.

- 11) The percentage of VAT is \_\_\_\_\_\_ for Iron & Steel items in State of Maharashtra
- 12) Full rate of Excise Duty is applicable when the manufacturing turnover crosses \_\_\_\_\_\_ crores.
- 13) The additional duty (countervailing duty) is levied under Section 3(1) of the Customs Tariff Act and is equal to \_\_\_\_\_\_ levied on a like product manufactured or produced in India.
- 14) Money Insurance policy covers risks associated with \_\_\_\_\_\_ of goods.
- 15) Fire Insurance policy does not cover loss or damage to the property caused by fire generated due to own fermentation, natural \_\_\_\_\_, or spontaneous \_\_\_\_\_ of the stocks.
- 16) For money lying in the safe at the business premises, the insurance protection is termed \_\_\_\_\_\_ in Safe Cover.
- 17) When the terms of an Acceptance differ from the terms of the offer, they will automatically be incorporated in the Contract, unless one of the following 3 conditions exist: (a) unless they materially alter the intent of the offer, (b) unless the offeror objects in writing, and (c)
- 18) A Contract must have the following two elements: (a) an agreement, and (b) \_\_\_\_\_

20) Every business enterprise should realize that that "litigation of any sort" is always costly, even if the enterprise receives a "\_\_\_\_\_" decision.

<sup>19)</sup> The prevailing rate of Central Sales Tax currently is \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Q2. State whether the following statements are true or false. 8 marks

- a) VAT is a single point Tax
- b) Permanent working capital represents current assets required on a seasonal basis over the entire year
- c) Foreign Company is always a non-resident in India
- d) Gross Profit ratio can be classified as a revenue statement ratio
- e) Redemption of preference shares is a source of fund
- f) Stock turnover ratio indicates the liquidity of inventory
- g) Income under the head "Other Sources" is taxable on "due basis"
- h) Unclaimed dividend can be recorded as a current liability

### Q3. Match the following

### (8marks)

1	Book of Prime Entry	Α	Composite Ratio
2	Net Working Capital	В	Indirect expense
3	Debtors turnover Ratio	С	Furniture manufacturing
4	Stock turnover ratio	D	Administrative Expense
5	Direct expense	E	Current Assets less current liabilities
6	Job order costing	F	Materiality
7	Excise duty	G	Journal
8	Accounting Convention	Н	Revenue Statement ratio

## PART B

### 48 marks

(Attempt any four. Each question carry 12 marks )

### <u>Q4.</u>

#### Write briefly what the following terms mean:

(a) Payback period	(b) Cash Budget	© Operations Budget	
(d) Leverage Ratios	(e) Honest mistakes	(f) Warranty of title	
(g) Money in transit cover	(h) use of any non-standard Weights & Measures		

- Q5. Explain Profit / volume analysis and its limitations
- Q6. Outline briefly the salient features of major insurance policies available to Retail Business.
- Q7. What makes a good contract? Highlight some of the important themes a Buyer should reflect on.
- Q8. Write briefly on any 3 of the following  $(3 \times 4 \text{ marks} = 12 \text{ marks})$

(a) Octroi	(b) Excise Duty	(c) GST
(d) CVD	(e) Service tax	(f) Road tax

Q9. Illustrate with example "The interpretation and Use of Financial Information.

## PART C

### Q10. Case Study (Compulsory question) Answer any one question( A or B) – 20 marks

Ramesh is concerned about inventory costs and after extensive enquiries has identified a new software that will carry out the required process much more effectively than his present one. The installing and operating cost which will last for eight years, will be Rs. 8 lakhs during which period the running & maintenance cost will be reduced by Rs. 1 lakh a year, and there will be a savings on materials of Rs.40000/- a year.

Questions

A. Would you recommend Ramesh to buy the software if the only consideration was a financial one and the cost of money was 15%?

OR

B. Illustrate a system of Budgeting for a one brand Retail which demonstrates feedback and control at every stage, and a system that enables to produce information quickly and accurately.

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