

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

June 2015

Diploma in Retail Management

Paper 3 **Warehousing & Inventory Management**

Date: 15.06-2015 Max. Marks 100 Time: 10.00 to 1.00 p.m. **Duration 3 hours**

Instructions

- 1. From Part A, answer all questions Qs 1, 2 and 3 (compulsory) --Q1 (12m), Q2 (12m) and Q3 (8m) Total 32
- 2. From Part B, answer any 4 questions from Q No.4 to Q9.. Each question carries 12 marks (total 48 marks)
- 3. Part C, Q No. 10 (Case Study) is compulsory.(20 marks)

PART A

Q1. Answer the following as per instructions. (Attempt any 12 out of 18 carrying 1 mark each total 12 marks)

Select the right option

- 1. A Warehouse layout decisions depend on
 - A) XYZ analysis (B) HML analysis
 - C) FSN analysis (D) SOS analysis

Ans: (1) A, C & D (2). B, C & D

- (3) A, & B (4) . none of the above
- 2. In CMI, the replenishment requisition for an imported item is triggered by
 - (1) Customer's buyer (2) Vendor's SCM officer
 - (3) Customs Officer (4) None of the above
- 3. The Master Production Schedule read with Bill of Materials results into
 - 1) SDE analysis
- 2) MRP
- 3) MRP II
- 4) WIP
- 4. As an objective of MH, it is essential to have more:
 - (a) Cubic space focus
- (b) Standardized packages
- 5. Narrow Aisle trucks have a lift capacity and lift height of:
 - (a) 1.5 tons, 15 meters (b) 2 tons, 20 meters.

6,	In Stores, Fast Moving FG Items are stored:				
	(a) Near production lines (b) near Packaged goods area			
7.	While product Mix has a value adding role, the trade off aspect is:				
	(a) Stock outs	(b) Order filling.			
8.	A Network whose devices are located in close proximity to one another is called:				
	(a) LAN	(b) Mini load AS/RS			
9.	Where goods are stored prior to inspection of items, it is termed as:				
	(a) Transit store	(b) Quarantine Store			
10.	Routine reports and MIS related to the Stores function include:				
	(a) Inventory held vs Norms	(b) Price paid to suppliers.			
State	TRUE or FALSE				
11. Mo	oving average method is used i	n inventory control			
12. TI	he machine break downs is a fact	or to be avoided for JIT.			
13. Th	ne problem of unreliable vendors o	an be skipped by adopting JIT.			
14. Cr	oss docking demands the materia	al is received only when the Issue Order is on hand.			
15. Th	ne EOQ formula helps in adequate	e stocking of materials in any warehouse.			
16. Or	nce inventory reduction is achieve	d, the physical stock and the book stock need not be tallied.			
17. Or	nly when the Issue Order is on ha	nd, Cross docking is possible			
18. Ma	aterial movement and handling ad	d value to the product.			
Q2. Fi	II in the Blanks: (Attempt any 1	2- one Mark each - total 12 marks)			
	carousels are a form of	mechanical devices, and are available as &			
2. A	reduction in lead time implies	safety stocks.			
3. U	ncertainty is the mother of				
4. W	e maintain stocks to avoid				
5. T	he theory and the theo	ry could be used for review for replenishment			
6. F	or a marketer the retailer's aisle i	s the			
7. F	or the retailer offers the m	ost cost effective tool for indoor advertisement.			

8.	ackaging in is generally not moisture sensitive, but is heat sensitive.					
9.	Product flow is a two-way flow in today's environment, because of the growing importance of					
	system for returned products that are unacceptable to the buyer.					
10.	Companies concerned with environment will require developing system to dispose of					
	packaging materials or used products.					
11.	Cross docking is an operation that facilitates the Product function.					
12.	In one of the best macro approaches to Warehouse location, 3 types of location strategies have					
	been identified:					
	(i) market positioned, (ii) production positioned, and (iii) positioned.					
13.	Main gangways in designing a Stores building must be for two of the largest vehicles or					
	mechanical equipment likely to pass each other without collusion.					
14.	There are two methods normally adopted for designing the layout of the Stores					
	(a) Judgment method (b) method.					

Q3. (Total 8 marks)

1. Match the following: (4 marks)

1	Glass	Α	Hygroscopic
2	Wood	В	Recyclable
3	Metal	С	Chemically inert
4	Paper	D	Not eco friendly

- 2. (4 marks Attempt any 2 out of 4.)
 - a. Distinguish between 3PL and 4PL.
 - b. Distinguish between VMI and CMI
 - c. What is POP display?
 - d. What do you mean by "Shelf Life"?

PART B

(Answer any 4 questions from Q4 to Q 9 -each Q carrying 12 marks - total 48 marks)

- **Q4.** (a) Explain various methods of inventory valuation (6 marks)
 - **(b)** Explain various types of inventories (6 marks)
- **Q5.** (a) How would you calculate the inventory carrying cost and the Purchase Order cost? (6 marks)
 - (b) Why does a good buyer try to balance these? (6 marks)
- **Q6.** Write briefly on any 3 of the following $(3 \times 4 \text{ m} = 12 \text{marks})$
 - (a) Value added role of logistics & warehousing
 - (b) MRP I & II & DRP
 - (c) Inventory & Cash to Cash cycle
 - (d) RFID
 - (e) Warehouses & Safety Practices.
 - (f) Role of bar coding in WH discipline.
- **Q7.** State the principles of warehouse design and its application for warehouse handling white goods, furniture and lifestyle products
- **Q8.** Speed and accuracy of warehouse dictate the customer service level. Discuss this for warehouse dealing in general merchandize.
- **Q9.** In the area of Retail Packaging, answer:
 - (a) Major contamination risks that need prevention in food packaging?
 - (b) The ethical aspects in packaging formats for Alcoholic & Tobaco Packaging.
 - (c) State a few key attributes of a good Retail Ready Packaging (RRP)?

PART C

Q10. Case Study (compulsory – 20 marks)

A customer order triggers multiple transaction points in any organization's information flow system.

State an assumed situation of a customer order, and bring out the several salient transactional points, especially where inventory of different types are located in the inbound, in plant and outbound operational areas of a Company. (in short the Supply Value Chain)
