Tot	al Questions : 50	
Q.1	.1 undertakes the task of safe delivery of the product from one point to another, and, thus, it is responsible for the security of the product.	
		Question ID: 5217211
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	inventory management	
2	Logistics management	
3	finance management	
4	Purchase management	
Q.2	logistics governs the logistics flow of products across countries.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217212
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Global logistics	
2	Domestic logistics	
3	Reverse logistics	
4	Disposal logistics	

: Logistics & Warehousing Management

Exam Name

Q.3	Logistics activities start from of raw materials to giving them the sha finished products.	ape of Marks: 2
		Question ID: 5217213
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Storing	Select Option
2	Transfer	
3	Procurement	
4	Sale	
Q.4	The advent ofhas enabled organisations to expand beyond interborders.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217214
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Globalization	
3	Privatization Liberalization	
4	Nationalization	

Q.5	Supply chain management connects suppliers to	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217215
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Employees	
2	Retailers	
3	Distributors	
4	consumers	
Q.6	ensures that during the physical distribution of a product, they do not get damaged or lose their quality.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217216
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Warehousing	
2	Transportation	
3	Packaging	
4	Information	

Q.7	Fixed	enhances the different modes of transportation	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217217
No		Options Details	Select Option
1	Infrastructure		
2	Vehicles		
3	Operation		
4	Policy		
Q.8	Door-to-d	oor service is an advantage provided by transport.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217218
No	0	Options Details	Select Option
1	Sea		
2	road		
3	air		
4	pipe		

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Q.9	means all of the required land, infrastructure and equipment which are very important for operations in a warehouse.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217219
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Nature of product	
2	Distribution pattern	
3	Transit time	
4	Terminal facilities	
Q.1	sizes of containers is known as	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217220
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Infrastructure	
2	Containerisation	
3	Packaging	
4	Globalization	

Q.1	modes and equipment are used to handle standard transport products at every stage of its movement.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217221
No 1	Options Details	Select Option
1	unique identificationnumber international standards	
2		
3	ISO standard	
4	none of the above	
Q.1	containers are also known as reefers.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217222
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Thermal containers	
2	Insulated shipping containers	
3	Refrigerated shipping containers	
4	Mechanically refrigerated containers	

Q.	While setting up the infrastructure, the applicants should adhere to the regulatory requirements as per the Customs Act,	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217223
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	1990	
2	1991	
3	1992	
4	1993	
Q.	Terminal Operator and aOperator	Question ID: 5217224
No	Options Details	Select Option
2	Warehouse Transportation	
3	Packaging	
4	Information	
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Q.1	Container Corporation of India Limited, commonly known as CONCOR, was incorporated as a public sector entity and was given autonomous rights under the Ministry of	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217225
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	roads, transport and highways	
2	commerce and industry	
3	Railways	
4	Finance	
Q.1	goods or the shippers and the requirements of the port.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217226
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	dry ports	
2	sea ports	
3	warm water ports	
4	inland ports	
· · · · · ·		1

Q.1	The dry ports are intermodal terminals in the seaports of which directly connects to the seaport.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217227
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Close dry port	
2	seaports	
3	Midrange dry port	
4	hinterland	
Q.1	The government of India plans to bring in the for identifying the framework of international best practices with the Indian operational standards.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217228
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	benchmarks	
2	shift	
3	variation	
4	change	

Q.1	warehouses are proprietary warehouses that are owned by manufacturers, producers or traders to store exclusively for their own stock. Generally, these warehouses are maintained by individuals near their manufacturing units according to their convenience.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217229
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Private	
2	Public	
3	Contract	
4	Bonded	
Q.2	The basic function of a warehouse is to store goods and bridge the gap between the and the consumption of goods	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217230
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	supply	
2	demand	
3	production	
4	storage	

Q.2	When designing a warehouse, it is important to understand an interrelationship between service and costs.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217231
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	customer	
2	employer	
3	distributer	
4	shareholder	
Q.2	The prime function of is to provide the facility of storage for the goods which are surplus with the organisation	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217232
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Warehouse	
2	Transportation	
3	Packaging	
4	Information	

Q.2	The role of warehouse managers is influenced by e-commerce,, Just-In-Time techniques and collaborations along the supply chain.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217233
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Globalization	
2	Privatization	
3	Liberalization	
4	Nationalization	
Q.2	inventories.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217234
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Consolidation and break bulk	
2	Cross-docking	
3	Processing	
4	Stockpiling	

Q.2	Selection of a site is a difficult process in which various intangible and tangible aspects are required to be taken care of.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217235
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Warehouse	
2	Transportation	
3	Packaging	
4	Information	
Q.2	The operation and design of a warehouse depend on the mix.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217236
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Marketing	
2	Information	
3	operation	
4	production	

Q.2	and pallet flow racks are used if units per item are of the middle range.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217237
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Drive-in	
2	floor storage	
3	Push-back	
4	none of the above	
Q.2	activities in which goods are moved from one place to another	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217238
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	transportation	
2	storage	
3	Product movement	
4	shipping	

Q.2	picking methods include the process of picking merchandise, items or products from a warehouse without taking any help of an application or any other equipment that automates a few or all activities.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217239
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Automated	
2	Manual	
3	Stock Keeping Unit	
4	Stock Keeping Unit	
Q.3	equipment can be defined as the mechanical equipment that is used to move, store, control and protect goods and products through the warehousing process.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217240
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Material handling	Select Option
1	Material handling Block Stacking	Select Option
1	Material handling	Select Option
1 2	Material handling Block Stacking	Select Option

Q.S	Immediate needs to be performed after any incident that would have an impact on the integrity of equipment.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217241
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Training of employees	
2	Reporting mechanism	
3	Inspection	
4	Maintenance work	
Q.3	the is responsible for formulating policies on occupational safety and health in warehouses and factories	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217242
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Labour Ministry	
2	Skill Development and Entrepreneurship ministery	
3	Defence ministery	
4	Minestery of heavy industry	

Q.3	is a careful examination of work activities or things that can harm people, so that, organisations can initiate necessary precautions to prevent such harm	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217243
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Inspection	
2	Eyewash	
3	Manual handling assessment	
4	Risk assessment	
Q.3	quickly as per the changes in the permanent and seasonal demands.	Question ID: 5217244
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Scale economies	
2	Operating flexibility	
3	Industry synergies	
4	Location flexibility	

Q.S	In thetype of outsourcing, the customer seeks to improve service levels and reduce costs	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217245
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	contractual	
2	modern	
3	traditional	
4	none of the above	
Q.3	can work as shared user and dedicated warehousing on their customers behalf	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217246
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Third-party contractors	
2	Purchase manager	
3	Dock manager	
4	Employees	

Q.S	37	The objective of logistics management is to maintain a smooth flow of materials in a supply chain effectively so as to fulfil the customers' desired level of satisfaction.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217247
No		Options Details	Select Option
1	TRUE		-
2	FALSE		
Q.3	38	The objective of disposal logistics is to increase the cost of logistics and reduce the service levels	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217248
No	TRUE	Options Details	Select Option
2	FALSE		
_			

Q.:	39	Supply chain management forms an important link between the supplier and the organisation.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217249
No		Options Details	Select Option
1	TRUE		
2	FALSE		
Q.4	40	An organised material-handling method may cause damage to the product, delay product delivery and increase the overhead cost.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217250
No	TDUE	Options Details	Select Option
1	TRUE		
2	FALSE		

Q.4	The role of transport is moving goods and people from one place to another.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217251
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	TRUE	
2	FALSE	
Q.4	maximises profit by integrating organisations flow of materials, information and funds.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217252
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	inventory management	
2	Logistics management	
3	finance management	
4	Purchase management	

	logistics deals primarily with the flow of goods within one country, but may extend across multiple states.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217253
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Global	
2	Domestic	
3	Reverse	
4	Disposal	
Q.4	Logistics form an important cog in the wheel for organisations without which it would be tough for them to tread.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217254
No	Options Details manufacturing	Select Option
2	marketing	
3	operational	

Q.4	It involves transportation of merchandise and reduces the possibility of damage caused during transit	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217255
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Inventory	
2	Logistics management	
3	Packaging	
4	Procurement logistics	
Q.4	It deals with reverse delivery of damaged products from customers to the retailers, delivery of spare parts to the customers and delivery of products after repair	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217256
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	After-sales logistics	
2	Logistics management	
3	Packaging	
4	Procurement logistics	

Q.4	It deals with coordinating and managing product planning, sourcing, executing, delivering and return, if any	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217257
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Logistics management	
2	Supply chain management	
3	Outbound logistics	
4	Inbound logistics	
Q.4	issued by an organisation to a supplier serves as a crucial legal document between both of them.	Question ID: 5217258
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	incoice	
2	sales reciept	
3	purchase order	
4	none of the above	

Q.4	In this phase, an organisation makes decisions related to the structure of the supply chain network for the present as well as the future.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5217259
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Plan	
2	Operation	
3	Packaging	
4	Design	
Q.f	They comprise transforming, moving and storing of raw materials. They are tangible in the supply chain and are of utmost importance for an organisation.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5217260
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Physical flows	
2	Logistics	
3	Inventory control	
4	Information flows	