Tot	Total Questions : 50			
Q.1	aims to explore new concepts or ideas(theories) and upgrade or redefine existing concepts.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220832		
No	Options Details	Select Option		
1	Conceptual research			
2	Applied research			
3	Basic research			
4	Casual research			
Q.2	Areview is a document that is prepared after conducting search and evaluation according to the subject or chosen topic area.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220833		
No	Options Details	Select Option		
1	book			
2	article			
3	literature			

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Q.3	Thesources are non-original and provide the second-hand information.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220834
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Primary	
2	Secondary	
3	both a and b	
4	none of these	
Q.4	A is referred to as a statement which is about an area of concern,a condition that needs improvement, a difficulty to be eliminated, or a troublesome query that exists in scholarly literature, in theory, or in practice that requires meaningful understanding and deliberate investigation.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220835
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	research problem	
2	conceptual problem	
3	managerial problem	
4	technical problem	

Q.5	The other name for exploratory studies is	studies.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220836
No	Options Details		Select Option
1	Descriptive		
2	Applied		
3	experimental		
4	formulative		
Q.6		alled	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220837
No	Options Details		Select Option
2	sample plan saple size		
3			
4	population variance None of these		
4	Notic of these		

Q.7	standards are important for measuring both qualitative and quantitative aspects.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220838
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Measurement	
2	ranking scale	
3	measurement scales	
4	nominal scale	
Q.8		Marks: ² Question ID: 5220839
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Ranking	
2	Nominal	
3	Ordinal	
4	Internal	

Q.9	is a scale that contains an absolute zero.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220840
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Ratio scale	
2	Nominal scale	
3	Internal scale	
4	Measurement	
Q.1	from the field, through the process of recording behavioural patterns of people, object and occurrences without communicating or questioning.	Question ID: 5220841
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Survey	
2	interview	
3	Observation	
4	Questionnaire	

Q.1	are designed to develop an in-depth understanding of hidden motivations.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220842
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Agree-to-disagree questions	
2	Projective tests	
3	Itemised rating scale	
4	Agree-to-disagree questions	
Q.1	is the process of providing some codes to the data in the form of symbols, characters and numbers.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220843
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Coding	
2	Editing	
3	Classification	
4	Tabulation	

Q.	intervals.	Question ID: 5220844
No	Options Details Absolute	Select Option
2	Relative	
3	Cumulative	
4	None of these	
Q.	of a hypothesis for studying a problem	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220845
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Multivariate analysis	
3	Bivariate analysis	
4	Univariate analysis	
	Onivariate analysis	

Q.r	15	There aretypes of hypotheses, which are classified on the basis of their derivation and formulation.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220846
No		Options Details	Select Option
1	four		
2	five		
3	six		
4	seven		
Q.f	16	In a, a researcher wants to study the relationship between two samples drawn from two different or same populations.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220847
No		Options Details	Select Option
1		mple test	
2		mple test	
3	three-s	sample test	
4		imple test	<u> </u>

Q.1	sign test is applied on a sample where the researcher does not assume that the data is normally distributed.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220848
No	Options Details	Select Option
2	four sample	
3	three sample two sample	
4	One sample	
Q.1	8 There aretypes of rank sum tests.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220849
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	one	
2	two	
3	four	
4	ioui	

Q.1	g (or U test) is used to determine whether two independent samples are drawn from the same population.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220850
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Kruskal-Wallis Test	
2	Mann-Whitney test	
3	three-sample test	
4	Rank test	
Q.2	is the layout of the research giving details of procedures required for conducting research.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220851
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Time frame	
2	Population	
3	Research design	
4	none of these	

Q.21 A refers to the systematic and orderly presentation of a research activity in a written form.		Marks: ² Question ID: 5220852
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Research report	
2	Research design	
3	Research survey	
4	Research technique	
Q.2	The lack of a scientific training in the methodology of research is a great impediment for researchers in the developing nations.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220853
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	TRUE	
2	FALSE	

Q.2	23	Ethics in research can be ignored to protect the interests of participants involved in a research.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220854
No		Options Details	Select Option
1	TRUE		
2	FALSE		
Q.:	24	A dilemma is referred to as a tough choice in a complicated situation where managers have to choose between more than one alternative.	Question ID: 5220855
No	TRUE	Options Details	Select Option
2	FALSE		
	IALUE		

Q.2	The research hypothesis is constructed using the research question.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220856
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	TRUE	
2	FALSE	
Q.2	These errors are also known as systematic bias.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220857
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Systematic errors	
2	Gross errors	
3	Random errors	
4	none of these	

Q.2	Random errors are oftypes.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220858
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	four	
2	three	
3	two	
4	six	
Q.2	These errors are physical errors in the analysis, calculation and recording	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220859
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Systematic errors	
2	Gross errors	
3	Random errors	
4	None of these	

Q.2	refers to dividing the given population into homogeneous and non-overlapping units or sub-groups (known as stratum) to make the sample more representative.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220860
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Stratification	
2	Diversification	
3	errors	
4	modification	
Q.3	The interval scale is also known as the scale.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220861
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	ordinal	
2	cardinal	
	interval	
3		

Q.3	Thescale signifies the lowest level of measurement.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220862
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	nominal	
2	ordinal	
3	cardinal	
4	interval	
Q.3	The usual questions included in a telephonic interview include	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220863
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Breifly describe about yourself	
2	Why do you want to change your job?	
3	How did you come to know about this job?	
4	All of these	
		•

Q.3	Theenables the researcher to analyse a social group or workgroup by studying attractions and repulsions among group members.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220864
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	sociometric method/test	
2	Schedule method	
3	Questionnaire method	
4	Computer-assisted interviews	
Q.3		Marks: ² Question ID: 5220865
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Introduction stating the purpose of the questionnaire	
2	Legible typeface	
3	Blank space between questions	
4	Breaks between question text	
_		

Q.S	What can you use to distinguish instructions from the questions?	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220866
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Black regular font	
2	Bold or italicised font	
3	Black underlined font	
4	Red font	
Q.S		Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220867
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	seven	
2	eight	
3	nine	
4	ten	
		-

Q.3	Which is not a rating scale used in questions?	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220868
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Comparative	
2	Multiple choice	
3	Graphic	
4	Itemised	
Q.S	What do you call an error when people remember events as being more recent than they are?	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220869
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Recency error	
2	Recall loss	
3	Halo effect	
4	Telescoping error	

Q.3	These tests make assumptions about the parameters of the population from which a sample is derived. Examples of parametric tests include z-test and t-test.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220870
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Parametric tests	
2	Non-parametric tests	
3	Univariate analysis	
4	Bivariate analysis	
Q.4	In this analysis, more than two variables are studied.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220871
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Univariate analysis	
2	Bivariate analysis	
3	Multivariate analysis	
4	none of these	

Q.4	This mean is calculated after considering the weight attached to each item.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220872
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Weighted mean	
2	Geometric mean	
3	Harmonic mean	
4	Median	
Q.4		Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220873
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	mode	
2	mean	
3	median	
4	harmonic mean	

Q.	43	represents the difference between the highest value and the lowest value in a data series	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220874
No		Options Details	Select Option
1	mean		
2	Range		
3	mediar		
4	mode		
Q	44	In hypothesis, you use terms, such as more than, less than, negative and positive.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220875
No		Options Details	Select Option
1	direction		
2	Non-di	rectional	
3	Null		
4	Alterna	ntive	
	!		

Q.4	The most commonly used levels of significance in statistics are	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220876
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	0.01	
2	0.05	
3	0.1	
4	All of these	
Q.4	Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) is used to test whether the means of two of more independent (unrelated) groups are statistically significantly different.	Question ID: 5220877
No	Options Details	Select Option
2	two-way One-way	
3	three-way	
4	four-way	

Q.4	In this test, the probability of getting a sample value of less or greater than median value is equal.	Marks: 2 Question ID: 5220878
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	ONE SAMPLE SIGN TEST	
2	TWO SAMPLE SIGN TEST	
3	THREE SAMPLE SIGN TEST	
4	FOUR SAMPLE SIGN TEST	
Q.4	The sign test can be performed by using methods.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220879
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	one	
2	two	
3	three	
4	four	

Q.4	The is used when the researcher wants to determine the direction and magnitude of difference in the matched values.	Marks: ² Question ID: 5220880
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	Wilcoxon matched pairs test	
2	Rank correlation	
3	both a and b	
4	none of these	
Q.5	A method design is the plan, structure and strategy of investigation conceived so as to obtain answers to research questions and to control variance	Marks: ² Question ID: 5237521
No	Options Details	Select Option
1	TRUE	
2	FALSE	